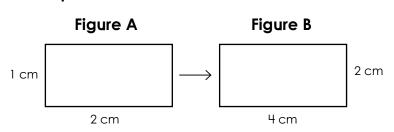
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# Scale vs. Scale Factor

**Scale** is the ratio between the dimensions of similar figures that is used to describe their relative size.

The **scale factor** is the value the dimensions of the original figure are multiplied by to achieve the new dimensions. It tells how many times smaller or larger a new figure is compared to the original.

### **Example:**



Write the corresponding dimensions in ratio form to find that the **scale** between the figures is **1:2**.

Dimensions in the original figure are multiplied by 2 to create the new figure. The **scale factor** is **2** 



# Preview

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scale factor: \_\_\_\_\_

scale factor:

scale: \_\_\_\_\_

scale factor: \_\_\_\_\_

scale factor: \_\_\_\_\_

5.

16 cm 8 cm

scale: \_\_\_\_\_

scale factor: \_\_\_\_\_

 $\underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{in} \cdots} \longrightarrow \underbrace{\cdots \quad 4 \operatorname{in} \cdots}$ 

scale: \_\_\_\_\_

scale factor: \_\_\_\_

## **ANSWER KEY**

# Scale vs. Scale Factor

**Scale** is the ratio between the dimensions of similar figures that is used to describe their relative size.

The **scale factor** is the value the dimensions of the original figure are multiplied by to achieve the new dimensions. It tells how many times smaller or larger a new figure is compared to the original.

#### **Example:**

Figure A

Figure B

Write the corresponding dimensions in ratio form to find that the **scale** between the figures is **1:2**.

Dimensions in the original figure are



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