**Positive and Negative Connotations**

**Connotation** is the feeling or emotion that a word evokes in addition to its literal meaning.

Words can have a positive connotation or a negative connotation.

Examples: The *scent* of the candle (positive connotation)
          The *odor* of the candle (negative connotation)

**Denotation** is the literal definition of a word.

Complete each sentence by inserting the word that has a positive connotation.

1. The temperature of the water in Miranda's swimming pool was ________________.
   (freezing/refreshing)

2. Adam wore a ________________ expression on his face.
   (thoughtful/glum)

3. The spring rain ________________ Mrs. Gillig's garden.
   (nourished/drenched)

4. Lacy's ________________ laugh echoed through the cafeteria.
   (playful/taunting)

5. When Anil helped Parvati solve a tough math problem, she called him a ________________.
   (know-it-all/genius)

Complete each sentence by inserting the word that has a negative connotation.

6. Jessica has a very ________________ sense of style.
   (unique/odd)

7. I bought the dress because it was ________________.
   (cheap/inexpensive)

8. The autumn wind ________________ through the trees.
   (howled/sang)

9. Shang gave a very ________________ excuse for not turning in his homework.
   (reasonable/pitiful)

10. Stephanie takes a very ________________ approach to keeping her room clean.
    (easy-going/lazy)
Connotation is the feeling or emotion that a word evokes in addition to its literal meaning.

Words can have a positive connotation or a negative connotation.

examples: The **scent** of the candle (positive connotation)
          The **odor** of the candle (negative connotation)

**Denotation** is the literal definition of a word.

Complete each sentence by inserting the word that has a positive connotation.

1. The temperature of the water in Miranda’s swimming pool was **refreshing**. (freezing/refreshing)
2. Adam wore a **thoughtful** expression on his face. (thoughtful/glum)
3. The spring rain **nourished** Mrs. Gillig’s garden. (nourished/drenched)
4. Lacy’s **playful** laugh echoed through the cafeteria. (playful/taunting)
5. When Anil helped Parvati solve a tough math problem, she called him a **genius**. (know-it-all/genius)

Complete each sentence by inserting the word that has a negative connotation.

6. Jessica has a very **odd** sense of style. (unique/odd)
7. I bought the dress because it was **cheap**. (cheap/inexpensive)
8. The autumn wind **howled** through the trees. (howled/sang)
9. Shang gave a very **pitiful** excuse for not turning in his homework. (reasonable/pitiful)
10. Stephanie takes a very **lazy** approach to keeping her room clean. (easy-going/lazy)