

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# Using Conjunctions

A **conjunction** is a word that is used to combine sentences, phrases, or words.

Writers will often use conjunctions to combine two short sentences into one longer sentence.

The three most common conjunctions are **and**, **but**, and **or**.

**two short sentences:** C.J. wanted to go skateboarding with his friends.  
It was raining outside.

**one longer sentence:** C.J. wanted to go skateboarding with his friends,  
but it was raining outside.

When your new sentence contains two complete sentences, use a comma before the conjunction.



**Combine each pair of sentences with the conjunction in parenthesis to make a new sentence.**

1. My pet goat will eat almost anything. He likes vegetables best. **(but)**

---

---

2. My family lives in the country. We have a lot of land. **(and)**

---

---

3. We could go to the playground. We could go to the movies. **(or)**

---

---

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# Using Conjunctions



4. Matthew went to the beach.  
Matthew learned to surf. **(and)**

---

---

5. Mary wanted to drive to the store. Her car wouldn't start. **(but)**

---

---

6. Do you want pancakes for breakfast? Would you rather have eggs? **(or)**

---

---

7. I need to bring a calculator to school. I need to bring a ruler to school. **(and)**

---

---

8. Some kids were afraid to dive into the pool. I wasn't afraid. **(but)**

---

---

# ANSWER KEY

## Using Conjunctions

A **conjunction** is a word that is used to combine sentences, phrases, or words.

Writers will often use conjunctions to combine two short sentences into one longer sentence.

The three most common conjunctions are **and**, **but**, and **or**.

**two short sentences:** C.J. wanted to go skateboarding with his friends.  
It was raining outside.

**one longer sentence:** C.J. wanted to go skateboarding with his friends,  
but it was raining outside.

When your new sentence contains two complete sentences, use a comma before the conjunction.



Combine each pair of sentences with the conjunction in parenthesis to make a new sentence.

1. My pet goat will eat almost anything. He likes vegetables best. (**but**)

**Note: Answers may vary slightly.**

---

**My pet goat will eat almost anything, but he likes vegetables best.**

---

2. My family lives in the country. We have a lot of land. (**and**)

**Note: Answers may vary slightly.**

---

**My family lives in the country, and we have a lot of land.**

---

3. We could go to the playground. We could go to the movies. (**or**)

**Note: Answers may vary slightly.**

---

**We could go to the playground or the movies.**

---

# ANSWER KEY



## Using Conjunctions

4. Matthew went to the beach.  
Matthew learned to surf. **(and)**

**Note: Answers may vary slightly.**

---

**Matthew went to the beach and learned to surf.**

---

5. Mary wanted to drive to the store. Her car wouldn't start. **(but)**

**Note: Answers may vary slightly.**

---

**Mary wanted to drive to the store, but her car wouldn't start.**

---

6. Do you want pancakes for breakfast? Would you rather have eggs? **(or)**

**Note: Answers may vary slightly.**

---

**Do you want pancakes for breakfast, or would you rather have eggs?**

---

7. I need to bring a calculator to school. I need to bring a ruler to school. **(and)**

**Note: Answers may vary slightly.**

---

**I need to bring a calculator and a ruler to school.**

---

8. Some kids were afraid to dive into the pool. I wasn't afraid. **(but)**

**Note: Answers may vary slightly.**

---

**Some kids were afraid to dive into the pool, but I wasn't.**

---